DEFINITION FOR U.S.

ACCREDITED INVESTOR

Category 1.	A bank, as defined in Section 3(a)(2) of the 1933 Act, whether acting in its individual or fiduciary capacity; or
Category 2.	A savings and loan association or other institution as defined in Section $3(a)(5)(A)$ of the 1933 Act, whether acting in its individual or fiduciary capacity; or;
Category 3.	A broker or dealer registered pursuant to Section 15 of the United States Securities Exchange Act of 1934, as amended; or;
Category 4.	An insurance company as defined in Section 2(13) of the 1933 Act; or
Category 5.	An investment company registered under the United States Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended; or
Category 6.	A business development company as defined in Section 2(a)(48) of the United States Investment Company Act of 1940, as amended; or
Category 7.	A small business investment company licensed by the U.S. Small Business Administration under Section 301 (c) or (d) of the United States Small Business Investment Act of 1958, as amended; or
Category 8.	A plan established and maintained by a state, its political subdivisions or any agency or instrumentality of a state or its political subdivisions, for the benefit of its employees, with total assets in excess of US\$5,000,000; or
Category 9.	An employee benefit plan within the meaning of the United States Employee Retirement Income Security Act of 1974 in which the investment decision is made by a plan fiduciary, as defined in Section 3(21) of such Act, which is either a bank, savings and loan association, insurance company or registered investment adviser, or an employee benefit plan with total assets in excess of US\$5,000,000 or, if a self- directed plan, with investment decisions made solely by persons who are accredited investors; or
Category 10.	A private business development company as defined in Section 202(a)(22) of the United States Investment Advisers Act of 1940, as amended; or
Category 11.	An organization described in Section $501(c)(3)$ of the United States Internal Revenue Code of 1986, as amended, a corporation, a Massachusetts or similar business trust, or a partnership, not formed for the specific purpose of acquiring the securities offered, with total assets in excess of US\$5,000,000; or
Category 12.	Any director or executive officer of the Company; or
Category 13.	A natural person whose individual net worth, or joint net worth with his or her spouse, excluding the value of his or her primary residence net of any mortgage obligation secured by the property, exceeds US\$1,000,000 (for purposes of calculating net worth: (i) a person's primary residence shall not be included as an asset, (ii) indebtedness that is secured by the person's primary residence, up to the estimated fair market value of the primary residence at the time of the sale of the Offered Debentures, shall not be included as a liability (except that if the amount of such indebtedness outstanding at the time of sale of the Offered Debentures exceeds the amount outstanding 60 days

	before such time, other than as a result of the acquisition of the primary residence, the amount of such excess shall be included as a liability) and (iii) indebtedness that is secured by the person's primary residence in excess of the estimated fair market value of the primary residence at the time of sale of the Offered Debentures shall be included as a liability); or
Category 14.	A natural person who had an individual income in excess of US\$200,000 in each of the two most recent years or joint income with that person's spouse in excess of US\$300,000 in each of those years and has a reasonable expectation of reaching the same income level in the current year; or
Category 15.	A trust, with total assets in excess of US\$5,000,000, not formed for the specific purpose of acquiring the securities offered, whose purchase is directed by a sophisticated person as described in Rule 506(b)(2)(ii) under the 1933 Act; or
Category 16.	Any entity in which all of the equity owners meet the requirements of at least one of the above categories.